





Figure 12.1.1

## GROWTH STAGES IN PEAR

- 1. Dormant
- 2. Swollen Bud
- 3. Bud Burst
- 4. Green cluster
- 5. White bud
- 6. Bloom
- 7. Petal fall
- 8. Fruit set











## **12 General Pest Management Considerations – Pears**

## 12.1 Diseases

Fabraea Leaf Spot

## Biology & Cultural

**[1.1]** Bosc and Seckel are much more susceptible than Bartlett.

## • Pesticide Application Notes

[1.2] It is important to prevent the establishment of early primary infections. Sprays should start at green cluster if the year is wet and disease was prevalent last year; otherwise, wait until white bud. Continue sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals through 1st or 2nd cover. In orchards with high inoculum, apply a mancozeb spray at 7-day intervals after petal fall until reaching either the 77-day PHI or the limit on the number of sprays per season. A 3-wk summer spray schedule will normally maintain control if early infections have been prevented. Summer applications of Sovran, Flint or Pristine to control scab or sooty blotch should also control Fabraea leaf spot. For resistance management, do not apply more than four applications per year of Sovran (Group 11), Flint (Group 11), Pristine (Group 7+11) or those with similar modes of action. Do not make more than two sequential applications before alternating to a fungicide with another mode of action. Pear psylla may facilitate the spread of leaf spot during summer, so controlling psylla is important in high-pressure orchards. Using summer oils to suppress pear psylla may also suppress spread of Fabraea leaf spot during late summer.

## Fire Blight

## Biology & Cultural

[2.1] Fire blight is an even more serious disease on pears than it is on apples. In general, the control strategies recommended for apples apply equally to pears. Bartlett, Bosc, Clapps Favorite, and Gorham are all extremely susceptible varieties. D'Anjou is slightly less susceptible, but comparable to the most highly susceptible apple variety; Seckel is considered moderately susceptible. Refer to the discussion of this disease in the "General Pest Management Considerations for Apples" section.

[2.2] The best program for reducing summer spread of fire blight is good psylla control.

Refer to the reference materials list at the end of this publication for a Fact Sheet containing more details on the biology and management of this pest. Also see Pear Psylla in this section.

## Pesticide Application Notes

[2.3] While specifically labeled for control of pseudomonas blight, a copper spray also will assist with control of fire blight. However, it will not eliminate the need for streptomycin at bloom. It is effective in reducing the population of overwintering fire blight bacteria, and is a useful component in an overall fire blight control program.

Thorough coverage of the entire tree is necessary for maximum effectiveness, so high-gallonage sprays are preferred. Leaf burning may occur if applied beyond bud burst, especially under slow drying conditions. The oil should be added at a rate of 1 qt per 100 gal of actual spray solution in the tank (i.e., do not concentrate the oil). If using Bordeaux mix, prepare as described in the "Fungicides" section of "Characteristics of Crop Protectants." Add the oil after adding lime, but before making up to volume. The 1 gt of oil is added to increase the efficiency of the copper compounds and is not sufficient for good psylla control. A separate oil application can be made for psylla, or 3 gal of oil can be used with the copper sprays. Several other commercial copper formulations in addition to those listed are labeled for this use on pears. Although they have not been tested, research on other crops suggests that most copper formulations should give comparable rates of control at comparable rates of metallic copper.

[2.4] Streptomycin is not recommended for routine summer use, but is strongly recommended for use within 24 hr after the start of a hail storm.

## Pear Scab

## Biology & Cultural

[3.1] Seckels are very susceptible to scab; Bosc and D'Anjou, somewhat less so; Bartlett is relatively resistant.

## Pesticide Application Notes

[3.2] If scab developed the previous year, sprays should begin at green cluster and continue at 7- to 10-day intervals through 2nd cover. In blocks with little history of scab, applications from white bud through 1st cover should provide sufficient protection. Additional cover sprays will be necessary if scab becomes established and the season remains wet. Use of Topsin M and Thiophanate-methyl should be limited during the early season if substantial use is anticipated later in the season for control of sooty blotch and Fabraea leaf spot. Note: Topsin M and Thiophanatemethyl have a 3-day (72 hr) REI.

[3.3] Mancozeb fungicides are more effective than ferbam or ziram. Mancozeb is labeled for use on pears in one of two different ways: (i) at a rate of 1.5–2 lb/100 gal (maximum 6 lb/A, no more than 24 lb/A per year), not to be applied after bloom; OR (ii) at a reduced rate of 3 lb/A (maximum 21 lb/A per year), which may be applied to within 77 days of harvest.

The latter program is particularly valuable where Fabraea leaf spot and sooty blotch must be controlled in the early summer. It is illegal to combine or integrate the two treatment regimes or to use any mancozeb sprays after bloom if any of the earlier sprays were applied at more than 3 lb/A of formulated product.

[3.4] Sovran and Flint are excellent protectants, and will be most reliable when used in this manner. They

have 48-72 hr post infection activity against pear scab. They significantly reduce spore production from the lesions that develop when the fungicides are applied several days after the start of an infection period. Sovran, Flint and Pristine are not registered for control of Fabraea leaf spot but they should control leaf spot when applied during the summer. They provide good control of black rot on apples, but they are not registered for control of this disease on pears and experience with control of black rot on pears is lacking. The strobilurins are prone to resistance development, and it appears that resistance to one member of this class of materials confers resistance to other products in the class (cross-resistance). The primary strategies for reducing the resistance risk are to: (i) rotate these materials with unrelated fungicides; and (ii) limit the number of seasonal applications of a strobilurin (the labels say limit to four per year).

CAUTION: Sovran has caused moderate to severe phytotoxicity (leaf burning) on several sweet cherry varieties when applied directly onto them at high labeled rates. The most sensitive varieties are: Somerset, Sweetheart, Valera, Van, and Vandalay; these varieties might also be injured by spray drift containing Sovran. Minor to moderate injury occurred on Cavalier, Coral Champagne, Emperor Francis, Royalton, Schmidt, Summit, and Viva; there is less danger of injury due to spray drift on these varieties. Many other sweet and sour cherry varieties (including Bing, Brooks, Cashmere, Gold, Hardy Giant, Hartland, Hedelfingen, Hudson, Kristin, Lapins, Lambert, Montmorency, Napoleon, Nelson Black Sweet, Rainier, Royal Ann, Sam, Stark Crimson, Stella, Sue, Tehranivee, Tulare, Ulster, Vega, Vic, Viscount, and Windsor) showed no injury when applied directly with high labeled rates. The Sovran manufacturer recommends: (i) Do not apply Sovran near or allow drift onto cherries in the highly sensitive group (Somerset, etc.); and (ii) thoroughly rinse spray equipment (tanks, hoses, nozzles) after spraying Sovran and before using this equipment on sensitive cherry varieties.

[3.5] Note that Rubigan is not labeled until petal fall (potential fruit shape problems if used earlier). Rubigan has 72–96 hr postinfection activity but limited protectant activity. It should be combined with mancozeb to improve fruit scab control and protect against other diseases such as sooty blotch and Fabraea leaf spot. Note the mancozeb restrictions listed in [3.3].

**[3.6]** The risk of primary scab is greatly reduced after 1st or 2nd cover. Where scab has been well controlled and there is no history of leaf spot problems, it is possible to extend fungicide spray intervals to 14–21 days after the 3rd cover has been applied. If these diseases have not been controlled, fungicides should be applied at 10- to 14-day intervals throughout the summer, except during drought periods. Observe mancozeb restrictions detailed in [3.3].

## Sooty Blotch

#### Biology & Cultural

**[4.1]** Sooty blotch develops gradually during periods of rain, dew, and very high humidity. The disease is

favored by frequent showers, poor air circulation, and proximity to sources of inoculum such as woods and brushy hedgerows. Fungicide control programs should begin around 1st cover, depending upon weather and inoculum pressure. Pruning to improve air circulation through the canopy will reduce the total fungicide need in most years. See [3.3] above, and remark [10.1] in the General Pest Management Considerations for Apples section for additional information about sooty blotch.

## **12.2 Insects and Mites**

### Aphids, Including Spirea Aphid

#### • Pesticide Application Notes

[5.1] Do not exceed 2 applications of \*Thionex per season.

**[5.2]** \*Calypso applied at petal fall will also control Comstock mealybug.

## Codling Moth

#### • Biology & Cultural

Refer to the reference materials list at the end of this publication for a Fact Sheet containing details on the biology and management of this pest.

#### • Pesticide Application Notes

**[6.1]** Summer sprays should be timed to start approximately at the 10% hatch point, 175–200 DD (base 45°F) after the first adult catch of the second brood, with a second application in 10–14 days. Use of a non-ionic surfactant is recommended with Assail. Pyrethroid insecticides applied during summer against pear psylla will control codling moth. If Guthion is applied, the user shall not authorize any person who is not covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), such as members of the general public involved in "pick-your-own," to enter a treated area after application of this product for the entire growing season Suggested action threshold: when commercial trap catch exceeds that in abandoned orchard and night temperature is at least 55°F.

#### Biological Control

Carpovirusine and Cyd-X (granulosis virus) registered only in Vermont at this time. Isomate C (pheromone mating disruption) only registered in Vermont and Maine.

## **Comstock Mealybug**

#### Biology & Cultural

Refer to the reference materials list at the end of this publication for a Fact Sheet containing details on the biology and management of this pest.

#### • Pesticide Application Notes

**[7.1]** Sprays recommended at petal fall and 7d later, against newly emerged crawlers. Research suggests that treatments against 2nd generation crawlers are more

effective, but petal fall sprays may be of use in keeping populations low. Actara and \*Calypso will also control plum curculio and pear psylla when applied at petal fall. Do not make more than one application of Actara per season. A maximum of two applications of diazinon are allowed per year: 1) a maximum of one as a dormant application and 2) a maximum of one as an in-season foliar application regardless of target pest.

**[7.2]** Two sprays recommended for the 2nd generation, 7 days apart, against newly hatched crawlers. Begin approximately Aug. 1. Do not make more than one application of Actara per season. Suggested action threshold: 5% calyx infestation of previous year's crop.

## European Red Mite, Twospotted Spider Mite

### Biology & Cultural

Refer to the reference materials list at the end of this publication for a Fact Sheet containing details on the biology and management of this pest.

### Pesticide Application Notes

[8.1] Applications advised as needed in summer. Acramite and Apollo are not effective against rust mite. Kanemite and Portal limited to a maximum of 2 applications per season; not registered for pear rust mite. Use 10.7 oz/A of Nexter if treatment is only for twospotted spider mite; use lower rate for European red mite. Nexter, Savey, Onager, Envidor and Acramite limited to 1 application per season. Pear psylla may also be controlled if Portal is used at the 2 pt/A rate or if Nexter is used at the 6.6 oz/A rate. Suggested action threshold: 6 motile forms/leaf.

## Green Fruitworms

#### Biology & Cultural

Refer to the reference materials list at the end of this publication for a Fact Sheet containing details on the biology and management of this pest.

#### • Pesticide Application Notes

**[9.1]** Growers can usually wait until petal fall to assess the need for treatment. Only 2 applications of \*Lannate permitted per season. Lannate cannot be used after a "pick-your-own" site is opened for public entry. It is recommended that pyrethroids not be used more than 1–2 times per season in any orchard. Suggested action threshold: 3 larvae/tree on large trees (27–40 trees/A); 1 larva/tree at density of 140 trees/A.

## **Obliquebanded Leafroller**

## Biology & Cultural

Refer to the reference materials list at the end of this publication for a Fact Sheet containing details on the biology and management of this pest

#### • Pesticide Application Notes

[10.1] Spray recommended when last petals are falling. Only 2 applications of \*Lannate permitted per season. Lannate cannot be used after a "pick-your-own" site is opened for public entry. Will also help control Comstock mealybug. A pyrethroid applied now against pear psylla will also control obliquebanded leafroller. Suggested action threshold: 5–10% infested clusters.

**[10.2]** For 1st summer brood in July, begin applications approximately 360 DD [base 43° F] after 1st adult trap catch. Only 2 applications of \*Lannate permitted/season. Lannate cannot be used after a "pick-your-own" site is opened for public entry.

## Pear Midge

### Pesticide Application Notes

**[11.1]** Two spray applications between the swollen bud and white bud stages. If Guthion is applied, the user shall not authorize any person who is not covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), such as members of the general public involved in "pick-your-own," to enter a treated area after application of this product for the entire growing season.

## Pear Psylla

### Biology & Cultural

Refer to the reference materials list at the end of this publication for a Fact Sheet containing details on the biology and management of this pest.

#### • Pesticide Application Notes

**[12.1]** To inhibit egg-laying by psylla, apply oil as soon as first eggs are laid in the spring; timing is especially critical (not effective if >20% of spring oviposition has occurred). Make 2nd application in 7 days if adults are still present. If 2 sprays are anticipated, drop rate to 2 gal for both. The 3 gal rate can also help reduce overwintering populations of European red mite, pearleaf blister mite, and Comstock mealybug. Suggested action threshold for pear psylla: 1 egg in a 3-minute inspection of buds.

**[12.2]** Apply insecticide from swollen bud through white bud. Pear rust mite may build up with repeated pyrethroid use. Seasonal maximum for \*Pounce is 0.8 lb a.i./A; for \*Asana, up to 0.2 lb a.i./A during the dormant to white bud stage and up to 0.225 lb a.i./A between bloom and harvest (but no more than 0.375 lb total a.i./A per season). Esteem 35WP may be applied once prebloom at 5 oz/A, or once prebloom and once at petal fall at 4-5 oz/A. Warrior provides suppression only. Improved activity of Delegate may be obtained by addition of an adjuvant such as horticultural mineral oil. Suggested action threshold before white bud: 6–10% of spurs with eggs.

**[12.3]** M-Pede can provide suppression when used in a seasonal program. Uniform drying conditions are required to prevent droplet residue on fruit; short residual period. **[12.4]** One spray of oil at 2 gal rate, or 2 sprays at 1 gal rate, recommended through tight cluster.

[12.5] Nexter limited to a maximum of 1 application per season. Esteem 35WP may be applied once prebloom at 5 oz/A, or once prebloom and once at petal fall at 4-5 oz/A. Suggested action threshold after fruit set: Avg of 1–2 nymphs per terminal leaf. \*Agri-Mek can be used anytime from petal fall to about 4 weeks afterward, but is most effective when applied before foliage begins to harden off, generally within the first 2 weeks after petal fall. Should be applied in combination with a horticultural spray oil (not a dormant oil) or other penetrating surfactant. Improved activity of Delegate may be obtained by addition of an adjuvant such as horticultural mineral oil. Actara and \*Calypso will also control plum curculio and Comstock mealybug when applied at petal fall. Do not make more than one application of Actara per season.

**[12.6]** Frequent applications (7–10-day intervals) of Surround and maximal coverage (minimum of 100 gal/A) are advised while there is active foliar growth.

#### Pesticide Resistance

**[12.7]** Variable levels of pear psylla tolerance or resistance to pyrethroids have been seen in New York (and are likely in New England), so growers should alternate use of pyrethroids with other materials to delay the development of resistance in their orchards. The preferred strategy would be to withhold their use until (and unless) needed in the summer.

## Pear Rust Mite

#### • Pesticide Application Notes

**[13.1]** In blocks with a history of rust mite infestations, a preventive petal fall spray might be advisable. Nexter limited to a maximum of 1 application per season. Also, see [8.1].

## **Pearleaf Blister Mite**

#### Pesticide Application Notes

**[14.1]** A spray of oil plus diazinon or oil plus \*Thionex, in the spring, just before the green tissue begins to show. A maximum of two applications of diazinon are allowed per year: a maximum of one as a dormant application and 2) a maximum of one as an in-season foliar application regardless of target pest. See [12.1].

**[14.2]** A fall application post-harvest, when there is no danger of frost for at least 24-48 hr after the spray.

## **Plum Curculio**

#### Biology & Cultural

Refer to the reference materials list at the end of this publication for a Fact Sheet containing details on the biology and management of this pest.

#### • Pesticide Application Notes

**[15.1]** Sprays recommended at petal fall and 10 days later. 1st brood codling moth is also controlled by these materials; (see [6.1] for 2nd brood control). Imidan also controls fruit tree leafroller. Actara will also control pear psylla and Comstock mealybug when applied at petal fall. Do not make more than one application of Actara per season.

## Redbanded Leafroller

#### Biology & Cultural

Refer to the reference materials list at the end of this publication for a Fact Sheet containing details on the biology and management of this pest.

#### • Pesticide Application Notes

**[16.1]** Two sprays, from mid-July to early August, for 2nd brood control in problem blocks; note PHI restrictions. If Guthion is applied, the user shall not authorize any person who is not covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), such as members of the general public involved in "pick-your-own," to enter a treated area after application of this product for the entire growing season.

## Tarnished Plant Bug, Pear Plant Bug

Refer to the reference materials list at the end of this publication for a Fact Sheet containing details on the biology and management of this pest.

#### • Pesticide Application Notes

**[17.1]** Recommended spray timing is from green cluster to white bud. . If Guthion is applied, the user shall not authorize any person who is not covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), such as members of the general public involved in "pick-your-own," to enter a treated area after application of this product for the entire growing season.

Suggested action threshold: plant bugs—3 bleeding sites/tree, or a cumulative catch of 7 adults by white bud stage (white sticky-board trap). See [12.7].

## 12.3 Pear Spray Table

## Table 12.3.1. Pesticide Spray Table – Pears

Refer to back of book for key to abbreviations and footnotes.

Pest	<i>.</i>	Product	Rate	REI (hrs)	PHI (days)	Comments (see text)
Dormant						
Fire blight and Pseudomonas spur blight		<pre>§Bordeaux mixture, 8-8-100 (copper sulfate) (spray lime)</pre>	8 lb/100 gal 8 lb/100 gal	24	BL	[2.3]
	plus	§oil	1 qt/100 gal			-
	OR	§C-O-C-S	2-4 lb/100 gal	24	BL	-
	OR	§Cuprofix Ultra 40 Disperss	7.5 – 10 lb./A	12	GT	-
	OR	§Kocide 2000	2-4 lb/100 gal	24	HIG	
		or other coppers	see comments			
Pear psylla, European red mite		§oil	3 gal/100 gal	12	0	[12.1]
Pearleaf blister mite		oil	1-1.5 gal/100 gal			[14.1]
	plus	*Diazinon 50WP	1 lb/100 gal	96	21	_
	OR	oil	1-1.5 gal/100 gal			
	plus	*Thionex 50WP	0.5-1 lb/100 gal	96	7	
Swollen Bud						
Pear midge		*Guthion 50WS	0.5-0.75 lb/100gal	14 days (E)	14	[11.1]
Pear psylla		Actara 25WDG	5.5 oz/A	12	35	[12.2]
	OR	*Asana XL 0.66EC	7.3-12.8 fl oz/100 gal	12	28	_
	OR	Assail 30SG	4.0-8.0 oz/A	12	7	_
	OR	*Calypso 4F	1-2 fl oz/100 gal	12	30	_
	OR	*Danitol 2.4EC	16-21.3 fl oz/A	24	14	_
	OR	Delegate 25WG	6.0-7.0 oz./A	4	7	[12.2]
	OR	Esteem 35WP	4-5 oz/A	12	45	_
	OR	§M-Pede 49L	2 gal/100 gal	12	0	[12.3]
	OR	§oil	1-2 gal/100 gal	12	0	[12.4]
	OR	*Pounce 3.2EC	8-16 fl oz/A	12	PB	
		or *Pounce 25WP	12.8-25.6 oz/A			_
	OR	*Proaxis 0.5CS	2.6-5.1 fl oz/A	24	21	_
	OR	§Surround 95WP	50 lb/A	4	0	[12.6]
	OR	*Warrior 1CS	2.6-5.1 fl oz/A	24	21	[12.2]
		or Warrior II 2.08 CS	1.28-2.56 fl. oz/A	24	21	
Green Cluster						
Fabraea leaf spot		Same materials as recommended	ed for pear scab			[1.2]
Pear scab		Topsin M 70WSB	4 oz./100 gal	72	1	[3.2]
		or Thiophanate-methyl 85WDG	3.2 oz./100 gal	72	1	
		or Rubigan 4EC	4 fl oz./100 gal			
		or Procure 50WP or Inspire Super MP	4 oz./100gal			
		or mopile super wit				

Pest		Product	Rate	REI (hrs)	PHI (days)	Comments (see text)
Pear scab	plus	Dithane/*Manzate/		24	BL, 77 (A)	[3.3]
(continued)		Penncozeb 75DF	1 lb/100 gal			
	OR	Dithane/*Manzate/ Penncozeb 75DF	1-2 lb/100 gal	24	BL, 77 (A)	[3.3]
	OR	Ziram 76DF	1.5-2 lb/100 gal	48	14	
Pear Midge		*Guthion 50WS	0.5-0.75 lb/100 gal	14 days(E)	14-21(A)	[11.1]
Tarnished plant		*Asana XL 0.66EC	2-5.8 oz/100 gal	12	28	[17.1]
bug, Pear plant bug	OR	*Baythroid XL 1E	2.0-2.4 fl oz/A	12	7	
	OR	Beleaf 50SG	2.0-2.8 oz/A	12	21	
	OR	*Brigade 10WS	6.4-32 oz/A	12	14	
	OR	*Danitol 2.4EC	16-21.3 fl oz/A	24	14	
	OR	*Guthion 50WS	0.5-0.75 lb/100 gal	14 days(E)	14-21(A)	
	OR	Leverage2.7SE	3.6-4.4 fl oz/A	12	7	
	OR	*Pounce 3.2E	8-16 fl oz/A	12	PB	
	OR	*Proaxis 0.5CS	2.6-5.1 fl oz/A	24	21	
	OR	*Warrior 1CS	2.6-5.1 fl oz/A	24	21	
	-	or Warrior II 2.08 CS	1.28-2.56 fl oz/A	24	21	
White Bud						
Fabraea leaf spot		See Green Cluster sprays				
Pear scab		Choose from materials listed une	der Green Cluster			
	OR	Flint 50WG	0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal	12	14	[3.4]
	OR	Sovran 50WG	1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal	12	30	
Pear psylla		See Swollen Bud sprays				[12.2, 12.4]
Bloom						
Fire blight		§Agri-mycin 17WP	0.5 lb/100 gal	12	30	[2.1]
		or Streptrol 17WP				
		or Firewall 17WP				
	OR	§Agri-mycin 17WP	0.25 lb/100 gal	12	30	
		or Streptrol 17WP				
		or Firewall 17WP				
	plus	Glycerine (CP or USP grade)	2 qt/100 gal			
	-	or Regulaid	0.25 pt/100 gal			
Pear scab, Fabraea leaf spot		Choose from materials listed pre	eviously			
Petal Fall						
Pear scab,		Choose from materials listed pre-	eviously			
Fabraea leaf spot	OR	Rubigan 1EC	3 fl oz/100 gal	12	30	[3.5]
	plus	Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb 75DF	1 lb/100 gal	24	BL/77(A)	[3.3]
Aphids, including		Assail 30SG	2.5-4.0 oz/A	12	7	
spirea aphid	OR	§Aza-Direct 1.2L	16-32 fl oz/A	4	0	

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Refer to back of book for key to abbreviations and footnotes.

Pest		Product	Rate	REI (hrs)	PHI (days)	Comments (see text)
Aphids, including	OR	Beleaf 50SG	2.0-2.8 oz/A	12	21	
spirea aphid	OR	*Calypso 4F	1-2 fl oz/100 gal	12	30	[5.2]
(continued)	OR	*Dimethoate 4EC	0.5 pt/100 gal	48	28	_
	OR	*Leverage 2.7SE	3.6-4.4 fl oz/A	12	7	-
	OR	§M-pede 49L	1-2 gal/100gal	12	0	_
	OR	*Provado 1.6F	5 fl oz/100 gal	12	7	_
	OR	*Thionex 50WP	1 lb/100 gal	96	7	[5.1]
Comstock mealybug		Actara 25WDG	4.5-5.5 oz/A	12	35	[7.1]
	OR	Assail 30SG	4.0-4.8 oz/A	12	7	
	OR	*Calypso 4F	1-2 fl oz/100 gal	12	30	_
	OR	*Diazinon 50WP	1 lb/100 gal	96	21	_
	OR	*Provado 1.6F	5 fl oz/100 gal	12	7	_
Green fruitworms		*Asana XL 0.66EC	2-5.8 fl oz/100 gal	12	28	[9.1]
-	OR	*Assail 30SG	4.0-8.0 oz/A	12	7	
-	OR	Baythroid XL 1E	1.4-2.0 fl oz/A	12	7	_
	OR	*Lannate 2.4L	0.75 pt/100 gal	48-96(E)	7	-
-	OR	*Leverage 2.7SE	3.0-3.6 fl oz/A	12	7	_
-	OR	*Proaxis 0.5CS	2.6-5.1 fl oz/A	24	21	_
-	OR	*Proclaim 5SG	0.8-1.2 oz/100 gal	12	14	-
-	OR	*Thionex 50WP	1 lb/100	96	7	-
		or Thionex 3EC	21.3 oz/100 gal	48	7	
	OR	*Warrior 1CS	2.6-5.1 fl oz/A	24	21	_
		or Warrior II 2.08 CS	1.28-2.56 fl oz/A	24	21	
Pear psylla		Actara 25WDG	5.5 oz/A	12	35	[12.5]
	OR	*Agri-Mek 0.15EC	2.5-5.0 fl oz/100 gal	12	28	[12.5]
	OR	*Asana XL 0.66EC	2.0-5.8 fl oz/100 gal	12	28	
	OR	Assail 30SG	4.0-8.0 oz/A	12	7	_
-	OR	*Calypso 4F	1-2 fl oz/100 gal	12	30	-
-	OR	*Danitol 2.4EC	16- 21.3 fl oz/A	24	14	-
	OR	Delegate 25WG	6.0-7.0 oz./A	4	7	[12.5]
-	OR	Esteem 35WP	4-5 oz/A	12	45	
	OR	§M-Pede 49L	1-2 gal/100 gal	12	0	_
	OR	*Proaxis 0.5CS	2.6-5.1 fl oz/A	24	21	-
	OR	*Provado 1.6F	20 fl oz/A	12	7	-
	OR	Nexter 75WS	6.6-10.7 oz/A	12	7	-
	OR	§Surround 95WP	50 lb/A	4	0	-
	OR	*Warrior 1CS	2.6-5.1 fl oz/A	24	21	[12.2]
		or Warrior II 2.08 CS	1.28-2.56 fl oz/A	24	21	
Pear rust mite		*Agri-Mek 0.15EC	2.5-5.0 fl oz/100 gal	12	28	[13.1]
	OR	Nexter 75WS	5.2-10.7 oz/A	12	7	
	OR	*Vendex 50WP	6-8 oz/100 gal	48	14	

Refer to back of book for key to abbreviations and footnotes.

Plum curculio         Actara 25WDG         4.5-5.5 oz/A         12         35           OR         *Asana XL 0.66EC         20-5.8 fl oz/100 gal         12         28           OR         *Baythroid XL 1E         2.4-2.8 fl oz/A         12         14           OR         *Brigade 10W3B         6.4-32 oz/A         12         14           OR         *Guthion 50WS         0.5-075 lb/100 gal         14 days (E) 14-21 (A)         0.7           OR         *Inidan 70WP         0.751 lb/100 gal         12         7           OR         *Icverage 2.751         4.4.5.1 fl oz/A         24         21           OR         *Warrior ICS         2.6-5.1 fl oz/A         24         21           OR         *Warrior ICS         2.6-5.1 fl oz/A         24         21           Obliquebanded         8/gree WG 3.8WS         1-2 lb/A         4         0           R         Ploipel 10.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0           OR         %Dipel 10.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0           OR         %Dipel 10.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0           OR         *Ploipel 10.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0           OR <th>Pest</th> <th></th> <th>Product</th> <th>Rate</th> <th>REI (hrs)</th> <th>PHI (days)</th> <th>Comments (see text)</th>	Pest		Product	Rate	REI (hrs)	PHI (days)	Comments (see text)
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Plum curculio		Actara 25WDG	4.5-5.5 oz/A			
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		OR	*Asana XL 0.66EC	2.0-5.8 fl oz/100 gal	12	28	
or Brigade 2EC         2.6-12.8 fl oz/A         12         14 $OR$ *Guthion 50WS         0.5-0.75 lb/100 gal         14 days (E) 14-21 (A) $OR$ *Timidan 70WP         0.75-1 lb/100 gal         72         7 $OR$ *Timidan 70WP         0.75-1 lb/100 gal         72         7 $OR$ *Levrage 2.75E         4.4-5.1 fl oz/A         24         21 $OR$ *Varrior ICS         2.6-5.1 fl oz/A         24         21 $OR$ *Warrior ICS         1.28-2.56 fl oz/A         24         21           or Warrior IT 2.08 CS         1.28-2.56 fl oz/A         24         21           or Warrior IT 2.08 CS         1.28-2.56 fl oz/A         4         0 $OR$ §Biobit XL 2.1FC         1.5-55 pt/A         4         0 $OR$ Splicel 0.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0 $OR$ Splicel 0.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0 $OR$ *Intregid 2F         8-16 fl oz/A         4         14 $OR$ Splicel 0.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0 $OR$ *Iannate 208P         0.25 lb/		OR	*Baythroid XL 1E	2.4-2.8 fl oz/A	12	7	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		OR	*Brigade 10WSB	6.4-32 oz/A	12	14	
OR         *Imidan 70WP         0.75-1 lb/100 gal         72         7           OR         *Leverage 2.7SE         4.4-5.1 fl oz/A         12         7           OR         *Proaxis 0.5CS         2.6-5.1 fl oz/A         24         21           OR         §Surround 95WP         50 lb/A         4         0         [12.6]           OR         *Warrior ICS         2.6-5.1 fl oz/A         24         21           or Warrior II 2.08 CS         1.28-2.56 fl oz/A         24         21           Obliquebanded         §Agree WG 3.8WS         1-2 lb/A         4         0           leafroller         OR         §Eloitix 1.2 1FC         1.5-5.5 pt/A         4         0           OR         Belegate 25WG         4.5-7.0 oz/A         4         7         0R           OR         Splipel 10.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         0R           OR         Flavelin 7.5 WDG         0.5-4 lb/A         4         0         0R           OR         *lannate 90SP         0.25 lb/100 gal         12         14           OR         Spintor 2SC         1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal         12         14           OR         Spintor 2SC         1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal				2.6-12.8 fl oz/A	12	14	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		OR	*Guthion 50WS	0.5-0.75 lb/100 gal	14 days (E)	14-21 (A)	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		OR	*Imidan 70WP	0.75-1 lb/100 gal	72	7	
OR         §Surround 95WP         50 lb/A         4         0         [12.6] $OR$ *Warrior 1CS         2.6-5.1 fl oz/A         24         21           or Warrior II 2.08 CS         1.28-2.56 fl oz/A         24         21           Obliquebanded         §Agree WG 3.8WS         1-2 lb/A         4         0         [10.1]           leafroiler $OR$ §Biobit XL 2.1FC         1.5-5.5 pt/A         4         0         [10.1] $OR$ SDelyate 25WG         4.5-7.0 oz/A         4         7         0         [0.7]         [0.7]         [0.7]         4         0         [10.1]           leafroiler $OR$ Splipel 10.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         0         [0.7]         [0.7]         4         4         0 $OR$ Splipel 10.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         0         [0.8] solitor 3.2         [0.4]         4         4         0 $OR$ Splipel 10.3DF         0.5-1 lb/A         4         0         0         [0.8] solitor 3.2         [0.4]         4         0 $OR$ Spliper 0.2S         D/25 lb/100 gal         12         12<		OR	*Leverage 2.7SE	4.4-5.1 fl oz/A	12	7	
OR         *Warrior 1CS or Warrior II 2.08 CS         2.6-5.1 fl oz/A         24         21           Obliquebanded leafroiler         §Agree WG 3.8WS         1-2 lb/A         4         0         [10.1]           OR         §Biobit XL 2.1FC         1.5-5.5 pt/A         4         0         [10.1]           OR         Belegate 25WG         4.5-7.0 oz/A         4         7         0           OR         bobit XL 2.1FC         1.5-5.5 pt/A         4         0         0           OR         bobit XL 2.1FC         1.5-5.5 pt/A         4         0         0           OR         bobit XL 2.1FC         1.5-5.2 lb/A         4         0         0           OR         sDipel 10.3DF         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         0           OR         sIntrust 80WP         0.67-1.0 oz/100 gal         4         7           OR         sJavein 7.5 WDG         0.5-4 lb/A         4         0           OR         sIntrust 80WP         0.25 lb/100 gal         12         14           OR         Sintor 2SC         1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal         12         14           OR         Sagri-mycin 17WP         0.5 lb/100 gal         12         30         [2.4]      <		OR	*Proaxis 0.5CS	2.6-5.1 fl oz/A	24	21	
OR         *Warrior 1CS or Warrior II 2.08 CS         2.6-5.1 fl oz/A         24         21           Obliquebanded leafroiler         §Agree WG 3.8WS         1-2 lb/A         4         0         [10.1]           OR         §Biobit XL 2.1FC         1.5-5.5 pt/A         4         0         [10.1]           OR         Delegate 25WG         4.5-7.0 oz/A         4         7         0           OR         Delegate 25WG         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         0           OR         Spleiver 18WG         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         0           OR         Spleiver 18WG         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         0           OR         Spleiver 18WG         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         0           OR         *Introsit 80WP         0.67-1.0 oz/100 gal         4         7           OR         *Introsit 80WP         0.25 lb/100 gal         4         7           OR         *Interpid 2F         8-16 fl oz/A         4         14           OR         *Proclaim 5SG         0.8-12 oz/100 gal         12         14           OR         Shiptor 2SC         1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal         12         30         [2.4]		OR	§Surround 95WP	50 lb/A	4	0	[12.6]
or Warrior II 2.08 CS         1.28-2.56 fl oz/A         24         21           Obliquebanded leafroller         §Agree WG 3.8WS         1-2 lb/A         4         0         [10.1]           OR         §Biobit XL 2.1FC         1.5-5.5 pt/A         4         0         [10.1]           OR         Speliver 18WG         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         [10.1]           OR         Speliver 18WG         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         [10.1]           OR         Speliver 18WG         0.5-2 lb/A         4         0         [10.1]           OR         Entrust 80WP         0.67-1.0 oz/100 gal         4         7           OR         *Intrepid 2F         8-16 fl oz/A         4         14           OR         *lannate 2.4L         0.75 pt/100 gal         12         14           OR         Spintor 2SC         1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal         12         14           OR         Spintor 2SC         1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal         12         30         [2.4]           Additional Summer Sprays         Topsin M 70WSB         4 oz/100 gal         72         1           Pear scab, Fabraea         Inspin M 70WSB         4 oz/100 gal         72         1		-	0				[]
Obliquebanded leafroller $\frac{\$}{\$} Agree WG 3.8WS$ $1-2 lb/A$ $4$ $0$ [10.1]           leafroller $OR$ $\$ Biobit XL 2.1FC$ $1.5-5.5 pt/A$ $4$ $0$ $OR$ Delegate 25WG $4.5-7.0 oz/A$ $4$ $7$ $OR$ $\$ Deliver 18WG$ $0.5-2 lb/A$ $4$ $0$ $OR$ $\$ Diplel 10.3DF$ $0.5-2 lb/A$ $4$ $0$ $OR$ $\$ Diplel 10.3DF$ $0.5-2 lb/A$ $4$ $0$ $OR$ $\$ Diplel 10.3DF$ $0.5-2 lb/A$ $4$ $0$ $OR$ $\$ Intrupid 2F$ $\$-16 fl oz/A$ $4$ $14$ $OR$ $\$ lanelin 7.5 WDG$ $0.54 lb/A$ $4$ $0$ $OR$ $\$ lanter 2.4L$ $0.75 pt/100 gal$ $12$ $14$ $OR$ $\$ lanter 3SG$ $0.8 \cdot 12 oz/100 gal$ $12$ $14$ $OR$ $\$ lanter 3SG$ $0.8 \cdot 12 oz/100 gal$ $12$ $12$ $Additional Summer Sprays$ $Freetrol 17WP$ $or Streptrol 17WP$ $or Streptrol 17WP$							
leafroller $OR$ §Biobit XL 2.1FC       1.5-5.5 pt/A       4       0 $OR$ Delegate 25WG       4.5-7.0 oz/A       4       7 $OR$ SDipel 10.3DF       0.5-2 lb/A       4       0 $OR$ SDipel 10.3DF       0.5-2 lb/A       4       0 $OR$ Entrust 80WP       0.67-1.0 oz/100 gal       4       7 $OR$ *Intrepid 2F       8-16 fl oz/A       4       14 $OR$ \$larenate 2.4L       0.75 pt/100 gal       48-96(E)       7 $OR$ *Lannate 90SP       0.25 lb/100 gal       12       14 $OR$ Spintor 2SC       1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal       12       14 $OR$ Spintor 2SC       1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal       12       30       [2.4]         after a hailstorm)       or Streptrol 17WP       0.5 lb/100 gal       72       1         or Firewall 17WP       0       3.0 oz/100 gal       72       1         plus       Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab       24       BL/77 (A)       [3.6]         under Green Cluster       OR       Sortan 50WG       1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal       12       30       [2.4]	Obliquebanded						[10.1]
OR         Delegate 25WG $4.5.7.0 \text{ oz/A}$ $4$ $7$ OR         §Deliver 18WG $0.5.2 \text{ lb/A}$ $4$ $0$ OR         §Dipel 10.3DF $0.5.2 \text{ lb/A}$ $4$ $0$ OR         Entrust 80WP $0.67.1.0 \text{ oz/100 gal}$ $4$ $7$ OR         Entrust 80WP $0.67.1.0 \text{ oz/100 gal}$ $4$ $7$ OR         *Intrepid 2F $8.16 \text{ fl oz/A}$ $4$ $14$ OR         *Lannate 2.4L $0.75 \text{ pt/100 gal}$ $48.96(\text{E})$ $7$ or *Lannate 90SP $0.25 \text{ lb/100 gal}$ $12$ $14$ OR         Spintor 2SC $1.25 \cdot 2.5 \text{ fl oz/100 gal}$ $4$ $7$ Additional Summer Sprays $7$ $7$ $7$ $7$ Fire blight (ONLY         §Agri-mycin 17WP $0.5 \text{ lb/100 gal}$ $72$ $1$ or Streptrol 17WP         or Streptrol 3.2 oz/100 gal $72$ $1$ $1$ plast bitch. Black rot         OR         Thiophanate-methyl 85WDG $3.2 \text{ oz/100 gal}$ $72$ $1$	-	OR	· · · •	1.5-5.5 pt/A	4	0	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			0				
OR         SDipel 10.3DF $0.5-2$ lb/A         4         0           OR         Entrust 80WP $0.67-1.0 \text{ oz/100 gal}$ 4         7           OR         *Intrepid 2F $8-16$ fl oz/A         4         14           OR         §Javelin 7.5 WDG $0.5-4$ lb/A         4         0           OR         *Intrepid 2F $8-16$ fl oz/A         4         14           OR         §Javelin 7.5 WDG $0.5-4$ lb/A         4         0           OR         *Lannate 2.4L $0.75$ pt/100 gal         48-96(E)         7           or *Lannate 90SP $0.25$ lb/100 gal         12         14           OR         Spintor 2SC $1.25-2.5$ fl oz/100 gal         4         7           Additional Summer Sprays         or Streptrol 17WP $0.5$ lb/100 gal         12         30         [2.4]           after a hailstorm)         or Streptrol 17WP $0.5$ lb/100 gal         72         1           or Streptrol 17WP         or Streptrol 200 gal         72         1           plus         Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab         24         BL/77 (A)         [3.6]           under Green Cluster         OR         Rubigan 1EC		-	· · · · ·	•		0	
OR         Entrust 80WP $0.67-1.0 \text{ oz}/100 \text{ gal}$ 4         7           OR         *Intrepid 2F $8-16 \text{ fl oz/A}$ 4         14           OR         §Javelin 7.5 WDG $0.5-4 \text{ lb/A}$ 4         0           OR         *Lannate 2.4L $0.75 \text{ pt/100 gal}$ 48-96(E)         7           or *Lannate 90SP $0.25 \text{ lb/100 gal}$ 12         14           OR         Spintor 2SC $1.25-2.5 \text{ fl oz/100 gal}$ 4         7           Additional Summer Sprays         Fire blight (ONLY         §Agri-mycin 17WP $0.5 \text{ lb/100 gal}$ 12         30         [2.4]           after a hailstorm)         or Streptrol 17WP $0.5 \text{ lb/100 gal}$ 72         1         1           Pear scab, Fabraea         Topsin M 70WSB         4 oz/100 gal         72         1         1           plus         Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab         24         BL/77 (A)         [3.6]         1           under Green Cluster         OR         Rubigan 1EC         3 fl oz/100 gal         12         30         24         BL/77 (A)         [2.4]           Penncozeb 75DF         OR         Sovran 50WG         1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			0				
OR       *Intrepid 2F       8-16 fl oz/A       4       14         OR       §Javelin 7.5 WDG       0.5-4 lb/A       4       0         OR       *Lannate 2.4L       0.75 pt/100 gal       48-96(E)       7         or *Lannate 90SP       0.25 lb/100 gal       12       14         OR       *Proclaim 5SG       0.8-1.2 oz/100 gal       12       14         OR       Spintor 2SC       1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal       4       7         Additional Summer Sprays       *       *       7       20       [2.4]         Fire blight (ONLY       §Agri-mycin 17WP       0.5 lb/100 gal       12       30       [2.4]         after a hailstorm)       or Streptrol 17WP       0.5 lb/100 gal       72       1       1         Pear scab, Fabraea       Topsin M 70WSB       4 oz/100 gal       72       1       1         Ibotch, Black rot       OR       Thiophanate-methyl 85WDG       3.2oz/100 gal       72       1       1         Plus       Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab       24       BL/77 (A)       [3.6]       1         Plus       Dithane/*Manzate/       1 lb/100 gal       24       BL/77 (A)       [2.4]       Penncozeb 75DF       0       0			* *			-	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			•			14	
OR       *Lannate 2.4L       0.75 pt/100 gal       48-96(E)       7         or *Lannate 90SP       0.25 lb/100 gal       12       14 $OR$ *Proclaim 5SG       0.8-1.2 oz/100 gal       12       14 $OR$ Spintor 2SC       1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal       4       7         Additional Summer Sprays       *       *       *       12       30       [2.4]         after a hailstorm)       or Streptrol 17WP       0.5 lb/100 gal       72       1       *			· •	•			
or *Lannate 90SP $0.25$ lb/100 gal         OR       *Proclaim 5SG $0.8$ -1.2 oz/100 gal       12       14         OR       Spintor 2SC $1.25$ -2.5 fl oz/100 gal       12       14         Additional Summer Sprays       ************************************			·				
OR*Proclaim 5SG $0.8-1.2  oz/100 gal$ $12$ $14$ $OR$ Spintor 2SC $1.25-2.5  fl oz/100 gal$ $4$ $7$ Additional Summer SpraysFire blight (ONLY after a hailstorm)§Agri-mycin 17WP or Streptrol 17WP or Streptrol 17WP or Firewall 17WP $0.5  lb/100 gal$ $12$ $30$ $[2.4]$ Pear scab, Fabraea leaf spot, Sooty blotch, Black rotTopsin M 70WSB $4  oz/100 gal$ $72$ $1$ $OR$ Thiophanate-methyl 85WDG $3.20z/100  gal$ $72$ $1$ $Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab24BL/77 (A)[3.6]under Green ClusterORRubigan 1EC3  fl oz/100 gal1230ORRubigan 1EC3  fl oz/100 gal1230[2.4]ORFlint 50WG0.67-0.8  oz/100 gal1230ORFlint 50WG0.67-0.8  oz/100 gal1230ORPristine 38WG14.5-18.5  oz/A120ORZiram 76DF1.5-2  lb/100 gal4814Codling mothAssail 30SG4.0-8.0  oz/A127[6.1]$			or *Lannate 90SP		( )		
OR Spintor 2SC1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal47Additional Summer SpraysFire blight (ONLY after a hailstorm)§ Agri-mycin 17WP or Streptrol 17WP or Streptrol 17WP or Firewall 17WP0.5 lb/100 gal1230[2.4]Pear scab, Fabraea leaf spot, Sooty blotch, Black rotTopsin M 70WSB4 oz/100 gal721ORThiophanate-methyl 85WDG3.2oz/100 gal721plusDithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab24BL/77 (A)[3.6]ORRubigan IEC3 fl oz/100 gal1230ORFint 50WG0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal1230ORFint 50WG1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal1230		OR	•		12	14	
Additional Summer SpraysFire blight (ONLY after a hailstorm) $\$ Agri-mycin 17WP$ or Streptrol 17WP or Streptrol 17WP $0.5 lb/100 gal$ $12$ $30$ $[2.4]$ Pear scab, Fabraea leaf spot, Sooty blotch, Black rotTopsin M 70WSB $4 oz/100 gal$ $72$ $1$ ORThiophanate-methyl 85WDG $3.2oz/100 gal$ $72$ $1$ Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab under Green Cluster $24$ BL/77 (A) $[3.6]$ ORRubigan 1EC $3 fl oz/100 gal$ $12$ $30$ $[2.4]$ ORFlint 50WG $0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal$ $12$ $30$ $[2.4]$ ORFlint 50WG $0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal$ $12$ $30$ $[2.4]$ ORFlint 38WG $1.6-1.6 oz/100 gal$ $12$ $30$ ORZiram 76DF $1.5-2 lb/100 gal$ $48$ $14$ Codling mothAssail 30SG $4.0-2.4 fl oz/A$ $12$ $7$ ORKagathroid XL 1E $2.0-2.4 fl oz/A$ $12$ $7$ $[6.1]$		OR	Spintor 2SC	• •	4	7	
after a hailstorm)or Streptrol 17WP or Firewall 17WPPear scab, Fabraea leaf spot, Sooty blotch, Black rotTopsin M 70WSB 4 oz/100 gal 72 1 $OR$ Thiophanate-methyl 85WDG 3.2oz/100 gal 72 1 $plus$ Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab under Green Cluster24 BL/77 (A) $BL/77 (A)$ [3.6] $under Green ClusterORRubigan IECPenncozeb 75DF3 fl oz/100 gal1 lb/100 galPenncozeb 75DF12 30ORFlint 50WGPenncozeb 75DF0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal1.212 14[3.4]ORSovran 50WGPristine 38WGOR1.4.5-18.5 oz/A1.212 006ORZiram 76DFAssail 30SGOR4.0-8.0 oz/A1.212 7[6.1]ORMassail 30SGPaythroid XL 1E2.0-2.4 fl oz/A12 7[6.1]$	Additional Summer	Sprays					
or Firewall 17WP           Pear scab, Fabraca leaf spot, Sooty blotch, Black rot         Topsin M 70WSB         4 oz/100 gal         72         1           OR         Thiophanate-methyl 85WDG         3.2oz/100 gal         72         1           plus         Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab under Green Cluster         24         BL/77 (A)         [3.6]           OR         Rubigan 1EC         3 fl oz/100 gal         12         30           plus         Dithane/*Manzate/         1 lb/100 gal         24         BL/77 (A)         [2.4]           OR         Rubigan 1EC         3 fl oz/100 gal         12         30         [3.4]           OR         Flint 50WG         0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal         12         14         [3.4]           OR         Sovran 50WG         1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal         12         30         [3.4]           OR         Ziram 76DF         1.5-2 lb/100 gal         48         14         [4.1]           Codling moth         Assail 30SG         4.0-8.0 oz/A         12         7         [6.1]	Fire blight (ONLY		§Agri-mycin 17WP	0.5 lb/100 gal	12	30	[2.4]
Pear scab, Fabraea leaf spot, Sooty blotch, Black rotTopsin M 70WSB $4 \text{ oz/100 gal}$ 721ORThiophanate-methyl 85WDG $3.2 \text{ oz/100 gal}$ 721plusDithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab under Green Cluster24BL/77 (A)[3.6]ORRubigan 1EC3 fl oz/100 gal1230plusDithane/*Manzate/ Penncozeb 75DF1 lb/100 gal24BL/77 (A)[2.4]ORFlint 50WG0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal1214[3.4]ORSovran 50WG1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal1230[3.4]ORPristine 38WG14.5-18.5 oz/A120ORZiram 76DF1.5-2 lb/100 gal4814Codling mothAssail 30SG4.0-8.0 oz/A127[6.1]OR*Baythroid XL 1E2.0-2.4 fl oz/A127[6.1]	after a hailstorm)		or Streptrol 17WP	-			
leaf spot, Sooty blotch, Black rot $OR$ Thiophanate-methyl 85WDG $3.2 \text{oz}/100 \text{ gal}$ $72$ $1$ $plus$ Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab under Green Cluster $24$ $BL/77 (A)$ $[3.6]$ $OR$ Rubigan 1EC $3 \text{ fl oz}/100 \text{ gal}$ $12$ $30$ $plus$ Dithane/*Manzate/ Penncozeb 75DF $1 \text{ lb}/100 \text{ gal}$ $24$ $BL/77 (A)$ $[2.4]$ $OR$ Flint 50WG $0.67-0.8 \text{ oz}/100 \text{ gal}$ $12$ $14$ $[3.4]$ $OR$ Sovran 50WG $1.0-1.6 \text{ oz}/100 \text{ gal}$ $12$ $30$ $OR$ Pristine 38WG $14.5-18.5 \text{ oz}/A$ $12$ $0$ $OR$ Ziram 76DF $1.5-2 \text{ lb}/100 \text{ gal}$ $48$ $14$ Codling mothAssail 30SG $4.0-8.0 \text{ oz}/A$ $12$ $7$ $OR$ *Baythroid XL 1E $2.0-2.4 \text{ fl oz}/A$ $12$ $7$			or Firewall 17WP				
blotch, Black rot $plus$ Dithane/*Manzate/Penncozeb as listed for pear scab under Green Cluster $24$ BL/77 (A)[3.6] $OR$ Rubigan 1EC3 fl oz/100 gal1230 $plus$ Dithane/*Manzate/ Penncozeb 75DF1 lb/100 gal24BL/77 (A)[2.4] $OR$ Flint 50WG0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal1214[3.4] $OR$ Sovran 50WG1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal1230 $OR$ Pristine 38WG14.5-18.5 oz/A120 $OR$ Ziram 76DF1.5-2 lb/100 gal4814Codling mothAssail 30SG4.0-8.0 oz/A127[6.1]	Pear scab, Fabraea		Topsin M 70WSB	4 oz/100 gal	72	1	
prime       Diffunction manuation reminences us instead for peak seads       2.1 $DE/P(R)$ [5.6] $OR$ Rubigan 1EC       3 fl oz/100 gal       12       30         plus       Dithane/*Manzate/       1 lb/100 gal       24       BL/77 (A)       [2.4] $OR$ Flint 50WG       0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal       12       14       [3.4] $OR$ Flint 50WG       1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal       12       30 $OR$ Sovran 50WG       1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal       12       30 $OR$ Pristine 38WG       14.5-18.5 oz/A       12       0 $OR$ Ziram 76DF       1.5-2 lb/100 gal       48       14         Codling moth       Assail 30SG       4.0-8.0 oz/A       12       7       [6.1]	leaf spot, Sooty	OR	Thiophanate-methyl 85WDG	3.2oz/100 gal	72	1	
plusDithane/*Manzate/ Penncozeb 75DF1 lb/100 gal24BL/77 (A)[2.4] $OR$ Flint 50WG0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal1214[3.4] $OR$ Sovran 50WG1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal1230 $OR$ Pristine 38WG14.5-18.5 oz/A120 $OR$ Ziram 76DF1.5-2 lb/100 gal4814Codling mothAssail 30SG4.0-8.0 oz/A127[6.1]	blotch, Black rot	plus		as listed for pear scab	24	BL/77 (A)	[3.6]
Penncozeb 75DF $OR$ Flint 50WG $0.67-0.8 \text{ oz}/100 \text{ gal}$ $12$ $14$ $[3.4]$ $OR$ Sovran 50WG $1.0-1.6 \text{ oz}/100 \text{ gal}$ $12$ $30$ $00$ $OR$ Pristine 38WG $14.5-18.5 \text{ oz}/A$ $12$ $00$ <		OR	Rubigan 1EC	3 fl oz/100 gal	12	30	
OR         Sovran 50WG         1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal         12         30           OR         Pristine 38WG         14.5-18.5 oz/A         12         0           OR         Ziram 76DF         1.5-2 lb/100 gal         48         14           Codling moth         Assail 30SG         4.0-8.0 oz/A         12         7         [6.1]           OR         *Baythroid XL 1E         2.0-2.4 fl oz/A         12         7         [6.1]		plus		1 lb/100 gal	24	BL/77 (A)	[2.4]
OR         Pristine 38WG         14.5-18.5 oz/A         12         0           OR         Ziram 76DF         1.5-2 lb/100 gal         48         14           Codling moth         Assail 30SG         4.0-8.0 oz/A         12         7         [6.1]           OR         *Baythroid XL 1E         2.0-2.4 fl oz/A         12         7         [6.1]		OR	Flint 50WG	0.67-0.8 oz/100 gal	12	14	[3.4]
OR         Ziram 76DF         1.5-2 lb/100 gal         48         14           Codling moth         Assail 30SG         4.0-8.0 oz/A         12         7         [6.1]           OR         *Baythroid XL 1E         2.0-2.4 fl oz/A         12         7         [6.1]		OR	Sovran 50WG	1.0-1.6 oz/100 gal	12	30	
Codling moth         Assail 30SG $4.0-8.0 \text{ oz/A}$ $12$ $7$ [6.1] $OR$ *Baythroid XL 1E $2.0-2.4 \text{ fl oz/A}$ $12$ $7$		OR	Pristine 38WG	14.5-18.5 oz/A	12	0	
<i>OR</i> *Baythroid XL 1E 2.0-2.4 fl oz/A 12 7		OR	Ziram 76DF	1.5-2 lb/100 gal	48	14	
	Codling moth		Assail 30SG	4.0-8.0 oz/A	12	7	[6.1]
<i>OR</i> §Biobit XL 2.1FC 1.5-5.5 pt/A 4 0		OR	*Baythroid XL 1E	2.0-2.4 fl oz/A	12	7	
		OR	§Biobit XL 2.1FC	1.5-5.5 pt/A	4	0	

## Table 12.3.1. Pesticide Spray Table – Pears

Refer to back of book for key to abbreviations and footnotes.

Pest	ý	Product	Rate	REI (hrs)	PHI (days)	Comments (see text)
Codling moth	OR	*Calypso 4F	1-2 fl oz/100 gal	12	30	
(continued)	OR	§Carpovirusine 0.99SC	0.5-1 pt/100 gal	4	0	
	OR	§Cyd-X 0.06SC	1-6 fl oz/A	4	0	
	OR	*Danitol 2.4EC	16-21.3 fl oz/A	24	14	
	OR	Delegate 25WG	4.5-7.0 oz/A	4	7	
	OR	§Deliver 18WG	0.5-2 lb/A	4	0	
	OR	§Dipel 10.3DF	0.5-2 lb/A	4	0	
	OR	§Entrust 80WP	0.67-1.0 oz/100 gal	4	7	
	OR	*Guthion 50WS	0.5-0.75 lb/100 gal	14 days(E)	14-21 (A)	
	OR	*Imidan 70WP	0.75-1 lb/100 gal	72	7	
	OR	§Javelin 7.5WDG	0.5-4 lb/A	4	0	
	OR	*Leverage 2.7SE	3.6-4.4 fl oz/A	12	7	
	OR	Spintor 2SC	1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal	4	7	
Comstock mealybug		Actara 25WDG	4.5-5.5 oz/A	12	35	[7.1, 7.2]
	OR	Assail 30SG	4.0-8.0 oz/A	12	7	
	OR	*Calypso 4F	1-2 fl oz/100 gal	12	30	
	OR	*Diazinon 50WP	1 lb/100 gal	96	21	
	OR	*Provado 1.6F	20 fl oz/A	12	7	
European red mite,		Acramite 50WS	0.75-1 lb/A	12	7	
Twospotted spider	OR	Apollo 4SC	4-8 oz/A	12	21	[8.1, 13.1]
mite, Pear rust mite	OR	*Brigade 10WS	12.8-32 oz/A	12	14	
	OR	Envidor 2SC	16-18 fl oz/A	12	7	
	OR	Portal 5EC	1-2 pt/A	12	14	
	OR	Kanemite 15SC	21-31 fl oz/A	12	14	
	OR	Nexter 75WS	4.4-10.7 oz/A	12	7	
	OR	Onager 1EC	12-24 fl oz/A	12	28	
	OR	Savey 50DF	3-6 oz/A	12	28	
	OR	*Vendex 50WP	6-8 oz/100 gal	48	14	
	OR	Zeal 72WS	2-3 oz/A	12	14	
Obliquebanded		§Agree WG 3.8WS	1-2 lb/A	4	0	[10.2]
leafroller	OR	*Baythroid Xl 1E	2.4-2.8 fl oz/A	12	7	
	OR	§Biobit XL 2.1FC	1.5-5.5 pt/A	4	0	
	OR	Delegate 25WG	4.5-7.0 oz/A	4	7	
	OR	§Deliver 18WG	0.5-2 lb/A	4	0	
	OR	§Dipel 10.3DF	0.5-2 lb/A	4	0	
	OR	§Entrust 80WP	0.67-1.0 oz/100 gal	4	7	
	OR	*Intrepid 2F	8-16 fl oz/A	4	0	
	OR	§Javelin 7.5WDG	0.5-4 lb/A	4	0	
	OR	*Lannate 2.4L	0.75 pt/100 gal	48-96(E)	7	

Pest		Product	Rate	REI (hrs)	PHI (days)	Comments (see text)
Obliquebanded		or *Lannate 90SP	0.25 lb/100 gal		<u>.</u>	
leafroller	OR	*Leverage 2.7SE	4.4-5.1 fl oz/A	12	7	
(continued)	OR	*Proclaim 5SG	0.8-1.2 oz/100 gal	12	14	
	OR	Spintor 2SC	1.25-2.5 fl oz/100 gal	4	7	
Pear psylla		Choose from materials listed u	nder Petal Fall, except for I	Esteem		[12.5]
Pearleaf blister mite		Sevin XLR Plus, 4F	1.5-3 qt/A	12	3	[14.2]
		or Sevin 80S, *80WS	1.88-3.75 lb/A			
	OR	§oil	1-1.5 gal/100 gal			
	plus	*Diazinon 50WP	1 lb/100 gal	96	21	
	OR	§oil	1-1.5 gal/100 gal			
	plus	*Thionex 50WP	0.5-1 lb/100 gal	96	7	
Redbanded		§Agree WG 3.8WS	1-2 lb/A	4	0	[16.1]
leafroller	OR	*Baythroid XL 1E	2.4-2.8 fl oz/A	12	7	
	OR	§Biobit XL 2.1FC	1.5-5.5 pt/A	4	0	
	OR	Delegate 25WG	4.5-7.0 oz/A	4	7	
	OR	§Deliver 18WG	0.5-2 lb/A	4	0	
	OR	§Dipel 10.3DF	0.5-2 lb/A	4	0	
	OR	*Guthion 50WS	0.5-0.75 lb/100 gal	14 days (E	) 14-21 (A)	
	OR	*Imidan 70WP	0.75-1 lb/100 gal	72	7	-
	OR	§Javelin 7.5WDG	0.5-4 lb/A	4	0	_
	OR	*Leverage 2.7SE	4.4-5.1 fl oz/A	12	7	-
	OR	*Proclaim 5SG	0.8-1.2 oz/100 gal	12	14	-

## Table 12.3.1. Pesticide Spray Table – Pears

Refer to back of book for key to abbreviations and footnotes.

#### Table 12.3.2. Growth Regulator Uses in Pears.

Refer to back of book for key to abbreviations and footnotes.

Timing	Product	Concentration	Rate Of Formulated Product
CHEMICAL THINNING			
Petal Fall to 5-7 days after petal fall	Amide-Thin W (NAD)	25-50 ppm	4-8 oz (lb) / 100 gal
Do not use on Bosc. Apply at pe	etal fall or within 5-7 days after per	tal fall.	
7-28 days after full bloom	Fruitone-N	10-15 ppm	4-6 oz (lb)/100 gal
set is apparent for greatest succe below 60°F or above 85°F. NAA thinning.	c and Comice. NAA is more effect ss. Late applications may result in A will not usually adequately thin F	reduced fruit size. Do not a Bartlett, but the additon of a	apply when temperature is
CONTROL OF WATERSPR	OUTS AROUND PRUNING CU	TS	

## Dormant

Tre Hold RTU (NAA) 1.5% (15,000 ppm) Ready-to-use product Mix NAA with 2 pt latex paint / gal and apply any time after dormant pruning but before growth begins in spring. Apply with paint brush or cloth pad to thoroughly coat exposed wood and edges of bark around pruning cuts.

# **Table 12.3.2. Growth Regulator Uses in Pears.**Refer to back of book for key to abbreviations and footnotes.

Timing	Product	Concentration	Rate Of Formulated Product
CONTROL OF ROOTSUC	CKERS		
Dormant or	Tre Hold RTU (NAA)	1.5% (15,000 ppm)	Ready-to-use product
6-12" Sucker height		(Do not dilute)	
	n after pruning existing suckers and b ubs or new sprouts is essential.	efore resprouting or apply	when new sprouts are 6-12"
INDUCTION OF LATERA	L BRANCHING IN YOUNG TRI	EES	
1-2" of Terminal Shoot Growth	Promalin, Perlan, Typy	125-1000 ppm	0.25-2 pt / 5 gal
more effective in the second	t and apply as a directed spray to are and third growing seasons after plant		
	ock treat after trees have reached a te		
PREHARVEST FRUIT-DE	ock treat after trees have reached a te		
PREHARVEST FRUIT-DF 3 weeks before anticipated harvest	ock treat after trees have reached a te		
3 weeks before anticipated harvest	ock treat after trees have reached a te ROP CONTROL	rminal height at which late 132 ppm	0.74 lb / acre or 333 g / acre or (1 pouch)
<b>3 weeks before</b> <b>anticipated harvest</b> Apply in sufficient water to e	ock treat after trees have reached a te ROP CONTROL ReTain	rminal height at which late 132 ppm	0.74 lb / acre or 333 g / acre or (1 pouch)

\* To convert ounces to grams multiply ounces by 28.3. To convert fluid ounces to milliliters multiply fluid ounces by 29.57.