

#### **Customer Awareness**

- Businesses and their marketing efforts succeed when they understand and address the value that their product brings to their customers.
- Your customers are your business. All of your assets are liabilities until your customers show up. Your business should be organized around your customers.

#### Market and Competitive Awareness

- One must keep an eye on the competitive landscape and marketplace trends.
- Trends that can impact your business can be operating at a global level, an industry level, or a local level.

#### **Boldness**

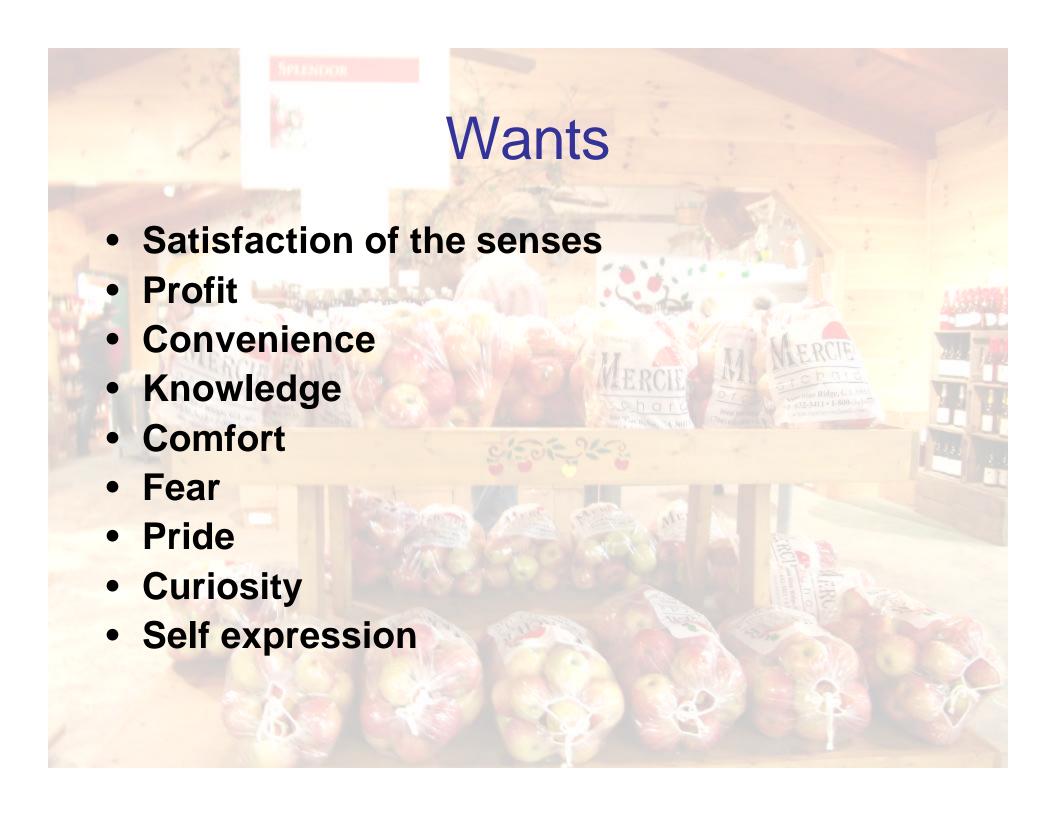
- There is a need to be bold
- One must take reasonable risks testing the status of customer wants
- There is a market risk associated with falling behind.

#### **CUSTOMER AWARENESS**

- Distinguish Product Features from Client Benefits
- What Product Benefits Are Your Customers Buying?
- What are the prime motivators for your buying customers?

#### Needs

- Biological Needs
- Security
- Status
- Recognition
- To satisfy aggressions (golf?)
- To satisfy sensibilities (golf?)
- To lessen anxiety
- To save time



#### Institutional Motivations

- Dependability
- Price and quality
- Relationship with current vendors
- Customization
- Market exclusivity
- Value
- Delivery schedules
- Guarantees
- Discounts for bulk orders

#### Retail vs. Institutional

- Retail
  - Impulse purchases
  - Fulfilling wants before needs
  - Emotional decision backed by cognitive reasoning
- Institutional
  - Disciplined
  - Subject to review and criticism
  - On the face cognitive
  - Need to find the emotional component it is there!

# The Logic Flow of this Customer Focused Marketing Plan

- Understand your customers
- Understand your market and competition
- Identify your best position in the marketplace
- Develop short clear compelling communications in client terms describing how your business delivers the benefits sought by your market segment
- Determine the best way to deliver these communications to your market segment
- Set Sales and Marketing Goals
- Develop a budget to achieve these goals
- Strategies to remain competitive

# Worksheet # 1 - What Product <u>Benefits</u> Are Your Customers Buying?

- What are the prime motivators for your customers?
- Economic: Cost; Value
- Functional: Selection, Convenience, Comfortable, Easy Shopping, Easy Access
- Physical: Taste, Freshness, Smell, Touch, Sight, Experiential
- Psychological: Emotional Benefits, Health, Prestige, Intangible Needs, Experiential
- Social: Culture, Family, Reference Groups, Social Class

## **Market Segmentation**

- What Customers gain the greatest benefits from your offerings?
- By not segmenting we are assuming that everyone is our customer.
- The value that customers place on your product is going to vary among the population.

## The Advantage of Focus

- You are wasting your resources by attempting to sell to people who do not value your products at a level where it is a profitable exchange for you.
- By focusing your efforts on those who place high value on your offerings you are making optimal use of your resources. Focus produces a significant strategic advantage for your business.

# Worksheet # 2 - Customer Focus: Finding the Segments from Heaven

- What customer group is the best fit for you?
- Where can you provide unique value?
- Where can you dominate due to your unique strengths?
- Where can you build strategic relationships?
- Where can you get high margins?

## **Best Fit Segment**

- The best market segment is that group of people who place the highest value on your product or service.
- Finding ways to increase the customer perceived benefits of your product at minimal expense solidifies your optimal niche in the marketplace.

#### **Customer Traits: Why?**

- The better you understand how your customers think and behave, the better you are able to match your business operations to their needs.
- The closer your offerings match the needs of your clients the greater the value to your customers.
- The greater the value to your customers the more price will be a lesser part of the purchase decision.
- The more value exceeds price the greater your profitability.

## Customer Traits: Descriptors

- Demographic Variables:
  - Age, income, gender
  - People grouped by these variables often have similar needs and wants
- Behavioral Variables:
  - Motivation and unmet needs
  - Buying Behavior and Attitudes
  - Purchasing criteria

#### SPLEMOOR

## Worksheet # 3 - Customer Traits: What Do You Know About Your Customers?

- Motivation & Unmet Needs: Economic; Functional; Physical; Psychological; Social
- Buying Behavior/ Attitudes: Time; Criteria; Comfort; Decision-makers; Urgency; Price
- Trendsetters: Innovators (Adventurous);
   Early Adopters (Opinion leaders; Respected);
   Early Majority (Deliberate); Late Majority (same);
   Laggards (Traditional why change)
- Interests: What interests do they have that might link to your business?
- Key purchasing criteria: Quality, Service, Price

## MARKET AND COMPETITIVE AWARENESS

- Quality is relative.
- How do you compare to the competition?
- First, how do your customers perceive the competition?
- Second, how do you assess the competition from a business perspective

#### **The Customer View**

- How do your customers view the competition relative to you.
- Businesses are often defined by their competition.
- If you are thinking of Burger King, how can you not think of McDonald's.
- Mohamed Ali and Joe Frasier

# Worksheet # 4 - Direct Competitors: The Customer Perspective

Feature/Benefit	Strength	Weakness	Your Company	Competitor A	Competitor B	Importance to Customer
Products	1	100	The party			
Convenience		ALCO A	63- (0)	71177		
Cost/Value	Lale:		1/200		*	
Price	-	The state of the sand		· Control of		- A/8840
Speed	10.4		State of the	- N 3/6	and a land	
Quality	VIEDOUR ED			II A II	LERCH	101 1/1
Selection	Sales Sales	1911		VLERCIE	AL STORGIS	The state of the s
Service	The same of the sa		* ( )	Manard M	A11 - 1-800 (a)	294 1
Reliabil <mark>i</mark> ty			1-0	Aut Aut	The same	
Stability			STORE	- 5		40
Expertise			W/400			
Experience			STATE OF	1 m		
Reputation	The second second				25-0-0	
Location	Total Maria	7/10	Mary Control		A SEPTIMENT	
Appearance	1/22/2/2				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Sales Method	- 1 M / 1 -		ATT THE SECOND			
Credit Policies	10 30		Mary M	1	The section	
Advertising						
Image	-		7			13.0
Warranty	C. A.			900		-0/
Performance	-02		1000			

## Worksheet # 4 - Direct Competitors: The Customer Perspective

- Decide if your customers think that a particular benefit is a strength or weakness for your company
- On a scale from one to five with 5 the best, score your company and two of your most direct competitors
- Develop an Overall Competitive Score
- Interpret the score

# Worksheet # 4 - Direct Competitors: The Customer Perspective Client Benefits / Product Features

**Products** Convenience Cost/Value **Price** Speed Quality Selection Service Reliability **Stability Expertise** 

**Experience** Reputation Location **Appearance** Sales method **Credit policies** Advertising **Image** Warranty **Performance Prestige** 

# Analysis and Interpretation of the Customer Perspective Competitive Matrix

- Do you see ways to differentiate your business from your competitors?
- Do you have a quality or unique feature advantage?
- What are your competitive advantages and disadvantages?
- What are your competitor's strengths and weaknesses?
- Can you visualize their strategy?
- Do they compete on quality or price?
- Are you well positioned in the mind of your customers?
- Do you see a strategy?
- What actions might you take?

SPLENDOR

# Worksheet # 5 - Direct Competitors: The Business Perspective

Characteristics	Grower	Competitor A	Competitor B
Size			
Market Share			
Financial Strength	Name of the Owner, when the Owner, which the Owner, whic		
Profitability			Mr. DCIE
Pricing		TY MERCHE M	MEWORD AND A
Operational Strength	The second	Dahard of	1100 Ridge, 6.3 2004 12-3411 - 1-8006 Jul 1410
Operations/Cost	MANUAL TOTAL STATE OF THE STATE	The state of the s	
Technological Strength		3000	
Proprietary Advantage			
Marketing Strength			
Sales/Distribution	//A		HOLE TO SERVICE TO SER
Growth Rate	E STATE OF THE STA		AR.
Management Strength	The second second		
Segment Strategy			
Consumer Perceptions			
Overall Competitive Score			

Spresmon

# Worksheet # 5 - Direct Competitors: The Business Perspective

- Score your company and two of your competitors
- Develop an Overall Competitive Score
- Interpret the score

# Worksheet # 5 - Direct Competitors: The Business Perspective Business Characteristics

- Size
- Market Share
- Financial Strength
- Profitability
- Pricing
- Operational Strength
- Operations Cost

- Proprietary Advantage
- Marketing Strength
- Sales/ Distribution
- Growth Rate
- Management Strength
- Segment Strategy
- Consumer Perceptions
- Technological Strength

## Analysis and Interpretation of the Business Perspective Competitive Matrix

- What are your competitor's strengths and weaknesses on business traits from your perspective?
- What are your competitive advantages and disadvantages from a business perspective?
- Is there a way to better position your company given what you have observed?
- What actions might you take?

# Conclusions from Competitor Analysis

- Where is your company best positioned in the marketplace?
- This position can be defined by determining those customers who gain the most value from your offerings. This positions you for maximum contribution and greater profit.

# STRATEGIES TO REDUCING MARKET RISK

- Develop a Plan
- Developing strategies to address those risks is part of the challenge and fun of running a business
- If your are strong on doing and less strong on planning, a little planning will make your doing more effective.
- The goal of this approach is to keep it simple and motivational.
- Do not get bogged down in the process.

### **The Customer Perspective**

- We will always be aware of the company or our perspective on various aspects of the business
- When appropriate we will always pair a company function and the customers' perception of the function
- An understanding of their view is the key to effective change

#### The Logic Flow of a Marketing Plan

- Step 1: Craft a Marketing Message Reflecting a Deep Understanding of the Customer
- Step 2: Develop Active Information Flow Systems between the Customer and the Company
- Step 3: Review the Alignment between Customer Needs and Company Products and Services
- Step 4: Set Marketing and Sales Goals Consistent Customer Alignment
- Step 5: Develop a Marketing Strategy to Achieve the Sales and Marketing Goals
- Step 6: Develop a Marketing Action Plan
- Step 7: Develop a Marketing Budget to Support Goal Achievement

#### Step 1: Craft a Marketing Message Reflecting a Deep Understanding of the Customer

- Competitive Positioning is in the Mind of the Customer
- Communicate about Product Benefits
- Understand Customer's Motivation and Buying Criteria
- Understand the Customers View on Pricing and How They Determine Value
- Pricing Strategies
- Value Based Pricing Strategies

## Crafting a Marketing Message

#### Develop two types of marketing messages:

- The Elevator Pitch short and compelling. "So, what do you do?"
- The Complete Marketing Message: a persuasive message on all marketing materials and promotions.
- Explaining the prospective client's problem
- The advantages of an immediate solution
- Why your qualifications make you an excellent choice to solve the client's problem
- The benefits derived from your solution.
- Testimonials from ecstatic customers
- An explanation about prices, fees, and payment terms.
- Your unconditional guarantee.

#### The Educational Marketing Message

- An educational message of value to the customer is a gift from you.
- Avoids the pitfalls of hard sell and builds trust.
- Interact with potential customers in the information gathering part of their purchase – early in the process.
- Adds value to your offering because education is often a critical part of the solution to the customer's problem.
- In truth you are selling solutions a combination of products and services
- Give your client an experience of your product or service that creates a memory and captures a position in the customer's mind.
- When the customer thinks of a need, you want them to think of you as the solution – first.

## Worksheet # 6 – Perception Factors in Pricing

- What are the most important perception factors in your product or service?
- How have you determined these factors?
- What perception factors can you improve at the least expense?
- Do you understand your customer's motivation and buying criteria?
- Do you understand your customer's views on pricing and how they determine value?

## Worksheet # 6 – Perception Factors in Pricing – The emotional component of the purchase

- What is the emotional aspect of your product or service?
- How can you best market the emotional value of your product or service?
- How can you maximize the customer experience throughout the transaction?

### Worksheet # 6 – Perception Factors in Pricing – Pricing based on Value Delivered

- Can you describe the value that your products and services bring to your customers?
- Can you see how these values add up to a more logical price structure then your costs?
- Can you see yourself moving to a value based pricing system?
- Focus on the orange area.

### **Pricing Decision Chart**

-	A A A A	MINISTER OF		
Pricing	COMPANY VIEW	OUR	CUSTOMER	CUSTOMER VIEW
Goal	OUR COSTS - OUR GOALS	ASKING	VALUE	SATISFY A NEED
(\$)	To all all	PRICE	DETERMINATION	Customer's Pricing Goal
Profit	Profitable Enterprise	The state of	A Margar	Perceived Value > Price
100			NO	Older its 1985
	The many was the		EXCHANGE	→ PERCEIVED VALUE
	The state of the s	WIN - WIN		FOCUS OF MARKETING EFFORTS
		EXCHANGE		200
			0 0 0	Perception Factors
	Total Costs	LOSE - WIN	EMOTIONAL	Convenience
sts		EXCHANGE	BENEFIT	Reference Prices
Fixed Costs	Overhead	55)	THE PERSON NAMED IN	Context - Urgency
		3//A	FUNCTIONALITY	Other Key Perception Factors:
	Salaries, Etc	100	Production of the second	Saves Customer's Time
			45-4	Confidence in Product
Variable Costs		the soften	Harris A	Quality Reputation
	Direct Costs	11200		No Frustrations
	Materials			WHILE THUS TO THE
		1		Low Perceived Value
		T. 188		
	(0)		8.5	

# Step 2: Develop Active Information Flow Systems between the Customer and the Company

#### Worksheet #7 - Customer Information Flow

- How do you stay in touch with your customers?
- Do you have face to face time?
- Do you ask them what they want or need that they are not getting from anyone else?
- If you market wholesale, do you talk with the end users of your product?
- Never miss the opportunity to gather customer satisfaction or need data.
- Continue to develop your listening and communication skills

### **Tapping your Sales Force**

- How does your sales force communicate about customer needs and trends?
- Do they report about their observations in the marketplace?
- How do they rank competitive products?

### **Cultivate Promoters of your Business**

- Become deeply grounded in the customers' perceived value of your products and services.
- Make improvements through a deeper understanding of their wants, expectations, perceptions, and experiences.
- Develop a system to produce promoters of your business and a way to track the promoter percentage of your customer base. See Exercise 1.

#### SPLENDOR

### Exercise # 1 – Measure Promoters

- "How likely is it that you would recommend our company to a friend or colleague?" When customers recommend you, they are putting their reputations on the line. This is a risk they take only if they are intensely loyal.
- Sample a statistically valid number of your customers.
- Based on a 0 to 10 rating customers can be grouped into the following categories: 1. "promoters" 9 -10 rating extremely likely to recommend, 2. "passively satisfied" 7 8 rating, and 3. "detractors" 0 6 rating extremely unlikely to recommend. Subtract the percentage of detractors from the percentage of promoters.
- Southwest Airlines has a net promoter score >50 and its profitability and growth rate are a reflection of this high score.
   Most of the other airlines cluster around a score of 10.
- This question was found to be effective across many different industries.
- Could you develop a promoter score of 75?

# Step 3: Review the Alignment between Customer Needs and Company Products and Services

- This step involves an analysis of your:
- Product and Service lines
- Distribution Channels
- The Ease of Doing Business with you from the Customer's Perspective

### Worksheet #8 – Analyze your Product and Service lines- I

- What trends do you observe in product sales? Are sales growing, declining or unchanged?
- What trends do you observe in the costs of inputs? Are costs growing, declining or unchanged?
- What trends do you observe in the profitability of the product lines?

## Worksheet # 8 – Analyze your Product and Service lines - II

- What product or service is the best contributor to your overhead costs and profits?
- What product or service is the biggest drain on your overhead and profits?
- What would you like to accomplish in each of your product lines in terms of sales and profits?

## Worksheet # 9 – Analyze your Distribution Channels - I

- What trends do you observe in the distribution channels through which you market your products? Are sales growing, declining or unchanged through these various channels?
- What trends do you observe in the costs of distribution through these channels?
- Are certain distribution channels more profitable then others?
- What percentage of sales and volume of product goes through each channel?

## Worksheet # 9 – Analyze your Distribution Channels - II

- What is the growth potential of the various channels?
- What is the competitive status of the various channels?
- Have you optimized the fit of the distribution system to your business or are there changes you would like to make?

# Worksheet # 10– Analyze the Ease of Doing Business with you - from the Customer's Perspective - I

- How easy is it to do business with you?
- Can you save your customers' time by changing the way you do business? How?
- Can you save your customers' money by changing the way you do business? How?
- Where are friction frustration generators in your interactions with your customers
- What can you do to oil these areas and reduce frustration?
- Is your company organized around your customer's needs beyond the value of the products themselves?

# Worksheet # 10- Analyze the Ease of Doing Business with your - from the Customer's Perspective - II

- Are your operations efficient, effective from the customer's perspective
- Are all company functions aware of the ways that they impact the total customer experience?
- Where are the key customer interface points?
- Can you see opportunities to differentiate the company and add value through improved customer experience at these various interface points?
- What can you do to improve the customer's perceived value of your products and services through the way your company functions separate from the actual product?

#### Springing

# How are your operations improving perceived value?

#### **OPERATIONS STRATEGY CHART**

HOW ARE YOUR OPERATIONS IMPROVING PERCEIVED VAI UE?

Pricing	COMPANY VIEW	OUR	CUSTOMER	CUSTOMER VIEW
Goal	OUR COSTS - OUR GOALS	ASKING	VALUE	Is it easy to do business with them?
(\$)	LAND ED TALE	PRICE	DETERMINATION	WEWGIA TO A DECEMBER AND THE PROPERTY OF THE P
Profit	Efficient and Effective Operations		Na.	Perceived Value > Price
	Minimum cost associated with		<u>NO</u>	h a r a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
	High Quality Delivery		<u>EXCHANGE</u>	PERCEIVED VALUE
		WIN - WIN		FOCUS OF MARKETING EFFORTS
		EXCHANGE		Perception Factors
				Convenience
S	"ENGAGED" Staff	LOSE - WIN	EMOTIONAL	Make life easy for your customers.
ost		<u>EXCHANGE</u>	BENEFIT	
ŭ	Efficient Use of Time	MA		How You Operate?
Fixed Costs	Sound Systems	11/1	<u>FUNCTIONALITY</u>	From your Customers' Point of View?
ιÊ	Effective Use of Time			5
	Doing the Right Things	150	THE SHAPE OF THE SERVICE OF THE SERV	Redesign How You Work
Costs		The second		How can you save them time?
Ö	High Quality	and Market		How can you save them money?
	Materials	1	PART A	How can you save them frustration?
ab	Good Supplier Relations		The Control	
Variable				Run Your Business for Their Convenience!!
>			THE PARTY NAMED IN	NOT YOURS!!

## Step 4: Set Marketing and Sales Goals Consistent with Customer Alignment

#### **Worksheet #11 – Financial Marketing Goals**

- What <u>sales levels</u> would you like to achieve with your present product array?
- Would you like to add new products or new markets to your business?
- What profit goals do you have associated with the above products?
- Do you plan a change in <u>pricing</u>?
- Use a forecast spreadsheet to prepare a month-bymonth projection based on sales history.
- Bracket the annual forecast totals with numbers based on pessimistic and optimistic scenarios. A range is more realistic then a single number.

# Step 4: Set Marketing and Sales Goals Consistent Customer Alignment Worksheet # 12 – Non-Financial Marketing Goals

- Clients retained
- New Clients acquired
- Changes in distribution channels?
- Media articles published
- Network goals
- Increase promoter percentage

## Step 5: Develop a Marketing Strategy to Achieve the Sales and Marketing Goals - I

- Non-growth marketing strategies are aimed at improving efficiencies or maintaining the present market share and product array.
- Eliminating inefficient distribution systems
- Eliminate less profitable products.
- Focus on more profitable segments within the marketplace.

## Step 5: Develop a Marketing Strategy to Achieve the Sales and Marketing Goals - II

Marketing Strategies focusing on growth

- Existing Customers & Existing Products (lowest risk)
- Existing Products for New Customers (risky)
- New Products for Existing Customers (risky)
- New Customers & New Products (most risk)

## Step 5: Develop a Marketing Strategy to Achieve the Sales and Marketing Goals - III

- Worksheet # 13 Test your Strategic Marketing Statements
- Is the statement measurable and can it be attached to an action plan with a timetable?
- Does the statement reinforce and define your niche in the marketplace?
- Does it define the ways you will differentiate your company from the competition?
- Does it define the ways you will differentiate your products from the competition?
- Is the plan easily communicated? Can your employees understand the plan need to execute the plan, can they its terms?

#### Step 6: Develop a Marketing Action Plan - I

- The number of possible marketing and promotion channels can make this part of the plan an intimidating and a dizzying affair.
- Solution break the action plan down into workable pieces

## Step 6: Develop a Marketing Action Plan - II Workable Pieces

- Publicity Plan

  How will you use the traditional news media? News articles, radio spots, Television etc.
- Promotional Event Plan What events such as trade shows will you enter?
- Referral Plan How can you systematically build referrals?
- Internet Plan How can the Internet inform your customers?
- Advertising Plan Has advertisement been effective?
- <u>Customer Retention</u> Plan How will you cultivate repeat customers?
- Networking Plan How will you build your network?

## Develop a systematic contact plan to build loyal customers

- Repeat customers are the heart of the business and the true source of profits.
- Development of a systematic contact plan is one of the most effective and cost-efficient marketing strategies.
- The goal is to produce long-term loyal customers.
- These people know your business and interface efficiently reducing operational costs.
- They are with you in good times and bad, being especially appreciated in the latter.
- They can help to reduce marketing costs by being marketers themselves
- They can be a great source of referrals as well.



#### SPERSON

# How is your marketing improving perceived value?

#### **MARKETING STRATEGY**

HOW IS YOUR MARKETING IMPROVING PERCEIVED VALUE?

Pricing	COMPANY VIEW	OUR	CUSTOMER	CUSTOMER VIEW
Goal	OUR COSTS - OUR GOALS	VALUE	VALUE	Is it easy to do business with them?
(\$)	Efficient and Effective	COMMUNICATION	<u>DETERMINATION</u>	CIP IN SCHOOL
Profit	<u>Communications</u>		TO. LA.	Perceived Value > Price
100	The state of the same of the s	NO	PRICE EXCEEDS	
	Getting to the right people	EXCHANGE	<u>VALUE</u>	PERCEIVED VALUE
0.00	with the right message	<u>WIN - WIN</u>	VALUE EXCEEDS	FOCUS OF MARKETING EFFORTS
	in an over communicated	<u>EXCHANGE</u>	<u>PRICE</u>	Perception Factors
	society			Value
S		LOSE - WIN	THE TENE	Is the value to your customers
ost		<u>EXCHANGE</u>		obvious in your marketing communications?
ပိ	William N	7//0		What are they looking for?
Fixed Costs	10000000000000000000000000000000000000		ALC: ALME	Ways to save time, money, avoid
ίΞ		The same of the sa	- C	frustration?
			Colonial Colonial	Design your marketing efforts
Costs	High Quality	All Land		to align with what the customer values.
ပိ	Materials			
ole	Good Supplier Relations	A COST	The state of the s	
Variable	Total Supplier Relations			
Val			THE POPULATION OF THE POPULATI	

### Step 7: Develop a Marketing Budget to Support Goal Achievement

- How much will you spend on the communication channels mentioned above?
- Track your promotional expenses by marketing channel
- Is one marketing channel more effective than the others?
- Is one combination of channels better then another?
- Get the best return on your promotional time and dollars!
- Develop a timeline for execution, and present the plan to cover a calendar year, broken down by month or by quarter.



- Competitive Positioning is in the Mind of the Customer
- Communicate about Product Benefits
- Understand Customer's Motivation and Buying Criteria







- Competitive Positioning
- Did you get the feeling that the business was organized for your convenience?
- Pricing